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1	Michael Geary Wilson 818 Tampico, Walnut Creek, CA 94598	
2	(925) 270-6017 michaelgearywilson@hotmail.com	
3	PRO SE PLÁINTIFF	
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8	United State	es District Court
9	Northern Dis	trict of California
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12	MICHAEL GEARY WILSON,	Case Number: C 14 4726 JCS
13	Plaintiff,	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT
14	v.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
1516	FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY,	
17	COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA, LINDA M. DIPPEL,	
18	in her official and/or individual capacities, MELINDA RENE SELF,	
19	in her official and/or individual capacities, LINDA D. LINNELL,	
20	in her official and/or individual capacities, ADAN CARDENAS JR., in her official and/or individual capacities and	
21	in her official and/or individual capacities, and DOES 1-45	
22	in their official and/or individual capacities, if natural persons.	
23	Defendants.	
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FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

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	APPENDIX B29
	(Message Dated November 4, 2014 Sent From Jami Caroline Wilson Using Email Address for
	G.C.W. that PLAINTIFF created in early 2009)
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Plaintiff, MICHAEL GEARY WILSON, files this Complaint against all Defendants, and each of them, *demands a jury trial* of all facts, issues and causes of action, and alleges as follows:

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PARTIES

1. At all material times relevant to this compliant, Plaintiff MICHAEL GEARY WILSON ("PLAINTIFF") is and was a California resident, residing in the City of Walnut Creek, County of Contra Costa, State of California. PLAINTIFF is a citizen of California.

Monell Defendants

- 2. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all times herein mentioned Defendant FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE ("FDOR") is a public entity primarily located at 5050 W. Tennessee Street, Building L Tallahassee, FL 32399-0195 and the public employer of several Unidentified Defendants.
- 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all times herein mentioned Defendant CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ("CHHS") is a public entity primarily located at 1600 Ninth Street, Room 460, Sacramento, California 95814 and the public employer of several heretofore Unidentified Defendants.
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all times herein mentioned Defendant COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA ("CONTRA COSTA") is a municipal corporation primarily located at 651 Pine Street, 7th Floor, Martinez, California 94553 and the public employer of many Individual and Unidentified Defendants.

Individual Defendants

5. At all material times relevant to this complaint, Defendant LINDA M. DIPPEL ("DIPPEL") was a duly appointed employee of Defendant CONTRA COSTA who reportedly received approximately \$191,989.28 in 2011 pay and benefits as Director, with authority to supervise other employees of as well as make and execute policies for its office of the Department of Child Support Services ("DCSS"), acting in her administrative capacity under color of law, color of statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs, and usages of the State of California and/or Defendant CONTRA COSTA. Defendant DIPPEL is a citizen of California.

6.	At all material times relevant to this complaint, Defendant MELINDA RENE SELF
("SELF") was	s a duly appointed employee of Defendant CONTRA COSTA who reportedly received
approximately	\$236,561.92 in 2013 pay and benefits as Supervising Attorney, with authority to
supervise other	er employees of as well as make and execute policies for its office of the DCSS, acting in
her administra	ative capacity under color of law, color of statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies,
customs, and	usages of the State of California and/or Defendant CONTRA COSTA. Defendant SELF is
a citizen of Ca	alifornia.

- 7. At all material times relevant to this complaint, Defendant LINDA D. LINNELL ("LINNELL") was a duly appointed employee of Defendant CONTRA COSTA who reportedly received approximately \$121,320.50 in 2013 pay and benefits as Supervisor, with authority to supervise other employees of as well as make and execute policies for its office of the DCSS, acting in her administrative capacity under color of law, color of statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs, and usages of the State of California and/or Defendant CONTRA COSTA. Defendant LINNELL is a citizen of California.
- 8. At all material times relevant to this complaint, Defendant ADAN CARDENAS JR. ("CARDENAS") was a duly appointed employee of Defendant CONTRA COSTA who reportedly received approximately \$99,975.36 in 2013 pay and benefits as Child Support Specialist III, with authority to execute policies for its office of the DCSS, acting in his administrative capacity under color of law, color of statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs, and usages of the State of California and/or Defendant CONTRA COSTA. Defendant CARDENAS is a citizen of California.

Unidentified Defendants

9. The true names and capacities of the defendants sued as DOES 1 through 45, inclusive, whether individual, private company, public entity, corporate, associate, agents, or otherwise, are unknown to PLAINTIFF as the real names are not ascertainable or known to PLAINTIFF because the relevant information has not yet been disclosed. DOES Defendants are sued under fictitious names pursuant to *Anderson v. Allstate Ins. Co.* (9th Cir. 1980) 630 F.2d 677). PLAINTIFF is informed and believes that each of the DOE defendants is a citizen of the United States and was responsible in some

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way for the occurrences and injuries alleged in this complaint, acted as an agent or employee of the other defendants and ratified the conduct of other defendants.

SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. This court has original subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1332 and 1343.
- 11. The action arises under the Constitution and laws of the United States, including the First, Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution as well as other federal law, and involves federal claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and § 1988.
- 12. The matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and is primarily between citizens of different states.
- 13. PLAINTIFF'S state law claims arise out of the same case or controversy as its federal law claims, as all claims in this action arise out of a common nucleus of operative facts. Thus, 28 U.S.C. § 1367 provides this Court with supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims.
- 14. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 139l(b)(2), as a substantial number of the events giving rise to this action occurred in this District.

PERSONAL JURISDICTION

- 15. Exercise of jurisdiction over Defendants CHHS and some DOES is reasonable and proper in this District because they are citizens of California, and conduct their relevant activities here. Through their activities in California, Defendants CHHS and some DOES have harmed PLAINTIFF, working closely with each other and the out-of-state Defendants in this enterprise. For PLAINTIFF'S claims for violations of California state law, exercise of jurisdiction over Defendant CHHS and some DOES is proper pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure ("CCP") § 410.10.
- 16. Out-of-state Defendants FDOR and some DOES are all residents of the United States. For PLAINTIFF'S claims under California state law, exercise of jurisdiction over the out-of-state Defendants is proper pursuant to CCP § 410.10. Through their agents and co-conspirators, the out-of-state Defendants have transacted and continue to transact business in the State of California, and there is a substantial nexus between their purposeful availment of the California forum and PLAINTIFF'S

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claims. Such exercise of jurisdiction combined with that described above will enable all of the Defendants to be tried together.

FACTUAL BASIS FOR CLAIMS

A. PLAINTIFF'S Child Support Obligations Ended On June 13, 2011

- 17. Termination of Parental Rights ("TPR") does "not simply [] infringe upon [the parent's] interest," "but [] end[s] it" and, thus "work[s] a unique kind of deprivation." "Unlike other custody proceedings, it leaves the parent with no right to visit or communicate with the child, to participate in, or even to know about, any important decision affecting the child's religious, educational, emotional, or physical development." *Lassiter v. Department of Social Servs. of Durham Cty.*, 452 US 18 (1981) and/or any of the 4,262 cases and counting nationwide that have cited it to date.
- 18. On or about June 13, 2011, a Florida Court entered a TPR order against PLAINTIFF toward his only child, who is a minor ("G.C.W.").
- 19. On or about October 24, 2011, a California Court, through its own order, confirmed the enforceability in California of the Florida TPR order. A certified copy of that California order, which includes a certified copy of the Florida TPR order, is included in APPENDIX A.
- 20. According to the relevant law, PLAINTIFF'S "obligation to provide child support ended when the court terminated his parental rights." (See, e.g., *Ponton v. Tabares*, 711 So. 2d 125 Fla: Dist. Court of Appeals, 3rd Dist. (1998); *JL v. GL*, 863 So. 2d 428 Fla: Dist. Court of Appeals, 4th Dist. (2003).)

B. The Defendants Are Acting Unlawfully and Harming PLAINTIFF

- 21. Since about April 2012, Defendant FDOR, by and through its unidentified employees and agents, has stolen thousands and thousands of dollars from PLAINTIFF, committed mail and/or wire fraud against him, defamed him and intentionally interfered in his business relationships under the pretext of collecting child support payments, which were not and are not due from PLAINTIFF.
- 22. PLAINTIFF had a contractual relationship with his then-employer, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc. ("KFHP").
- 23. Certain employees of Defendant FDOR knew of PLAINTIFF'S contractual employment relationship with KFHP.

- 24. Those employees intended to disrupt the performance of that contract, and their conduct prevented performance or made performance more expensive or difficult.
- 25. Since about June 2014, Defendants FDOR, CHHS and/or CONTRA COSTA, by and through their employees and agents, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL and SELF, have worked together to steal hundreds of dollars from PLAINTIFF, committed mail and/or wire fraud against him, defamed him, harassed and intimidated him and intentionally interfered in his business relationships under the pretext of collecting child support payments, which were not and are not due from PLAINTIFF.
- 26. On or about July 21, 2014, in a face-to-face conversation that was on the record,

 Defendant LINNELL expressed her and Defendant SELF'S mutual understanding to PLAINTIFF that
 none of his parental rights regarding G.C.W. survived after June 13, 2011 when the Florida TPR order
 was entered.
- 27. As of August 5, 2014, PLAINTIFF had a contractual relationship with Bank of America ("BoA"), which certain employees of Defendants CHHS and/or CONTRA COSTA, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL and SELF, knew or should have known of by then.
- 28. On or about August 6, 2014, a BoA representative informed PLAINTIFF that the "State of California" had placed an "Order to Withhold" on two of his accounts. On information and belief, Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL and SELF caused that unlawful action by their actions and/or inaction.
- 29. On or about August 7, 2014, Defendant LINNELL reconfirmed in writing the aforementioned understanding regarding the Florida TPR order.
- 30. Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL and SELF intended to unlawfully disrupt the performance of PLAINTIFF'S contract with BoA, and their conduct prevented performance or made performance more expensive or difficult.
- 31. On or about August 19, 2014, PLAINTIFF attempted to lawfully exercise his constitutionally protected rights to access 50 Douglas Drive, Suite 100, in Martinez, California, which is a public area of a public building, during regular business hours, in order to observe, gather information about, scrutinize and criticize certain governmental activities occurring there, and petition Defendant CONTRA COSTA'S DCSS for redress of grievances. In retaliation for and as a prior restraint of

engaging in those protected activities, Defendant CARDENAS blocked PLAINTIFF'S access to that public area of that public building. According to other DCSS employees' responses to PLAINTIFF'S repeated inquiries thereafter, Defendant DIPPEL ratified the foregoing actions by Defendant CARDENAS. As a direct result, the Defendants have kept PLAINTIFF from accessing Defendant CONTRA COSTA'S DCSS office for any of the foregoing lawful purposes ever since on or about August 19, 2014.

- 32. PLAINTIFF was harmed as a result of the foregoing actions and inaction by the Defendants. He was shocked that the Defendants abused him as they did. As a direct result of the Defendants' misconduct on or about July 21, 2014 and thereafter, PLAINTIFF has suffered emotional distress; he has been preoccupied with the denial of his rights. He has been upset and had trouble sleeping. His health has deteriorated. PLAINTIFF knew he had not violated the law, but he worried that some false charge and/or a conviction on his record would prevent him from vindicating his rights and resuming his career as a leader in his field. He could not afford to hire an attorney to help him restore his civil and other rights that Defendants deprived him of on or about August 19, 2014.
- 33. Defendants CHHS and CONTRA COSTA, by and through their employees and agents, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL and SELF, have refused PLAINTIFF'S multiple demands, the most recent of which occurred on November 3, 2014, to immediately correct his balance, stop their collection efforts against him, release their unlawful withholding of his money and remove him from their child support case(s) regarding G.C.W., all of which has harmed and continues to harm him.
- 34. On or about November 4, 2014, Jami Caroline Wilson, the alienating mother of G.C.W., caused a message to be sent from the email address for G.C.W. that PLAINTIFF created in early 2009. A true and correct copy of that message is included in APPENDIX B. Based on the content of that message and other evidence, the alienating mother was either impersonating or using G.C.W. in a blatant attempt to manufacture a further fraudulent basis for the Defendants' wrongdoing that has benefitted her at G.C.W.'S and PLAINTIFF'S expense.
- 35. Defendants FDOR, CHHS and CONTRA COSTA, by and through their employees and agents, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL, SELF and CARDENAS, have acted and are acting knowingly, intentionally, willfully and maliciously.

- 36. All of the Defendants who have participated in or otherwise caused, approved or ratified the foregoing unlawful acts, did so in disregard of their actual knowledge that PLAINTIFF
 - a. had no child support obligation toward GCW after June 13, 2011; and
 - b. had every right to access Defendant CONTRA COSTA'S DCSS office and engage in the aforementioned constitutionally protected activities.
- 37. In addition to violations of constitutional and federal law, the relevant activities by the Individual and Unidentified Defendants employed by and/or associated with Defendants CHHS and/or CONTRA COSTA violate the California Penal Code (CPC) as follows (attempts and aiding/abetting are incorporated into the meaning of each violation):
 - a. §§ 132 & 133, FABRICATING EVIDENCE;
 - b. § 136.1(b)(1); CPC §§ 136.1(c)(1),136.1(c)(2) AND/OR 137(b) or (c), INFLUENCING, INTIMIDATING OR THREATENING A WITNESS, VICTIM, OR AN INFORMANT;
 - c. § 518, EXTORTION;
 - d. § 182(a)(1), (2) & (5), CONSPIRACY;
 - e. violations of the CPC, if any, that pertain to other rights protected by the California Constitution (e.g., to petition the government for redress of grievances, etc.); and/or
 - f. any other CPC violation that may be supported by the allegations of this complaint.
- 38. Defendants thereby caused PLAINTIFF to experience symptoms associated with his disabilities.
- 39. On information and belief, employees and/or associates of Defendant FDOR knew of PLAINTIFF'S disabilities before April 2012.
- 40. On information and belief, employees and/or associates of Defendants CHHS and CONTRA COSTA, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL, SELF, knew of PLAINTIFF'S disabilities before July 21, 2014.
- 41. On information and belief, employees and/or associates of Defendants CHHS and CONTRA COSTA, including Defendant CARDENAS, knew of PLAINTIFF'S disabilities before August 19, 2014.

- 42. Certain employees and/or associates of Defendants FDOR, CHHS and CONTRA COSTA, including Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL, SELF and CARDENAS, published false statements about PLAINTIFF that they knew or should have known were false and/or in reckless disregard for the truth and/or otherwise painted PLAINTIFF in a false light with other employees of the *Monell* Defendants and members of the public.
- 43. Defendants conspired to chill, frustrate, deny and/or retaliate against PLAINTIFF'S exercise of his rights to protect himself from fraud, extortion, speak and gather information about governmental activities free from prior restraint and viewpoint and/or other discrimination, petition the government for redress of grievances, due process and equal protection under law.
- 44. Defendants' unlawful actions have infringed on many of PLAINTIFF'S liberty interests, including prohibiting him from travelling internationally.
- 45. Because the Defendants knew or should have known about the Florida TPR order regarding PLAINTIFF before they began their aforementioned campaign against him, they are not immune from liability for the damage it has done.
- 46. The *Monell* Defendants had obligations to train and supervise their employees, especially those with power to make and execute policy, to assure that they complied with the state and federal law in performing their duties. The *Monell* Defendants did not properly train or supervise their employees to assure that they complied with these laws.
- 47. The *Monell* Defendants had policies and/or customs of indifference to misconduct by their employees by failing to properly investigate complaints of misconduct and to discipline them.
- 48. The *Monell* Defendants also had policies and/or customs of tolerating a "code of silence" in which their employees understood that they were not to report or investigate misconduct by each other.
 - 49. On information and belief, the *Monell* Defendants have also developed customs of:
 - a. making it difficult for citizens to file complaints about the conduct of its employees;
 - b. breaching the confidentiality of citizens' confidential complaints;
 - c. enabling retaliation against and intimidation of citizens who file complaints; and
 - d. performing negligent and/or sham investigations of citizens' complaints.

50. The <i>Monell</i> Defendants had obligations to discipline their employees when they failed to
comply with state and federal law in performing their duties. Defendants CHHS and CONTRA COSTA
did not discipline employees for acting against people engaging in activities in and around public
buildings that are protected by the California Constitution and/or the United States Constitution,
including speaking, gathering and recording information about governmental activities free from prior
restraint and viewpoint and/or other discrimination, petitioning the government for redress of
grievances, and seeking equal protection under law. This made its employees, including the Individual
and Unidentified Defendants, feel free to unconstitutionally block, harass and intimidate people from
and for said protected activities.

- 51. Based on the foregoing and following evidence as well as information and belief that further evidence will be discovered, The *Monell* Defendants, by various means such as cover-ups, sham investigations, unlawfully blocking access to its buildings and/or resources and other retaliatory actions, maintains and supports policies and practices of harassment and intimidation, defamation, extortion, discrimination on the basis of disabilities and other wrongs that harm people its employees target, including PLAINTIFF.
- 52. Defendants' actions were taken with willful inhumanity and reckless disregard for PLAINTIFF'S state and federal constitutional and statutory rights as well as his health.
- 53. Defendants DIPPEL, LINNELL, SELF and, on information and belief, several Defendant DOES were both policy makers on behalf of Defendants CHHS and/or CONTRA COSTA and part of the foregoing conspiracy so the acts of their co-conspirators are attributable to them.
 - 54. Defendants have severely chilled PLAINTIFF of his First Amendment activities.
- 55. PLAINTIFF was looking for work at the time of Defendants' foregoing acts. His job search has been hampered because of them.
- 56. PLAINTIFF has suffered further harm as Defendants have continued to retaliate against him because of his formal complaints about their misconduct.
- 57. Some Defendants, including DIPPEL, SELF, LINNELL and some DOES, had the power and obligation to intervene and protect PLAINTIFF from crimes, violations of his civil and other rights as well as other harm by other Defendants, but they failed to do so.

1	CLAIMS FOR
2	FIRST CLAIM F
3	(Violations of 42 V
4	(Against All Individ
5	58. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates
6	paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
7	59. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this
8	60. Individual Defendants deprived PLAIN
9	of speech (e.g., protections against viewpoint discrimin
10	information about government activities, etc.) and to p
11	under the First Amendment to the United States Const
12	and search without probable cause under the Fourth Ar
13	freedom from deprivation of liberty and property with
14	by means of threatened false arrest, under the Fifth An
15	applied under the Fourteenth Amendment, and his fund
16	management of his child, which is protected by the Fo
17	crimes against PLAINTIFF under 18 U.S.C. § 241: CC
18	242: DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR
19	U.S.C. § 1503(A): OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; 18
20	WITNESS, VICTIM, OR AN INFORMANT; 18 U.S.
21	WITNESS OR VICTIM; and 18 U.S.C. § 2(A): AIDIN
22	wrongdoing against PLAINTIFF under 42 U.S.C. § 12
23	the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) as amende
24	61. As a direct and proximate result of Defe
25	damages described above.
26	SECOND CLAIM
27	(Violations of BANE ACT (CA
28	(Against All Individ

R RELIEF

OR RELIEF

U.S.C. § 1983)

ual Defendants)

- herein by reference each and every foregoing
 - cause of action against all Individual Defendants.
- TIFF of his clearly established rights to freedom nation, protection of gathering and recording etition the government for redress of grievances itution, to freedom from threatened arrest, seizure mendment to the United States Constitution, to out due process of law, including such deprivation nendment to the United States Constitution as damental liberty interest in the care, custody, and urteenth Amendment. They also perpetrated ONSPIRACY AGAINST RIGHTS; 18 U.S.C. § OF LAW; 18 U.S.C. § 371: CONSPIRACY; 18 U.S.C. § 1512: TAMPERING WITH A C. § 1513: RETALIATING AGAINST A NG AND ABETTING. They also committed civil 132: DISCRIMINATION and other provisions of d.
- endants' actions, PLAINTIFF suffered the

FOR RELIEF

AL. CIVIL CODE § 52.1))

(Against All Individual Defendants)

- 62. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
 - 63. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants.
- 64. PLAINTIFF alleges that the Individual Defendants, in carrying out the conduct as described in this complaint, violated the Bane Act (California Civil Code § 52.1) by interfering with and/or attempting to interfere with PLAINTIFF'S exercise and enjoyment of his rights as secured by the United States Constitution, California Constitution and common law and statutory rights, including protection from discrimination on the basis of his disabilities or economic status and protection from the following state crimes: CPC § 518, EXTORTION; CPC § 136.1(b)(1); CPC §§ 136.1(c)(1),136.1(c)(2)AND/OR 137(b) or (c): INFLUENCING, INTIMIDATING OR THREATENING A WITNESS, VICTIM, OR AN INFORMANT; CPC § 182(a)(1), (2) & (5): CONSPIRACY.
- 65. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of § 52.1, PLAINTIFF suffered the damages described above.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violations of Unruh Civil Rights Act (CAL. CIVIL CODE, §§ 51, 52))
(Against All Individual Defendants)

- 66. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
 - 67. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants.
- 68. PLAINTIFF alleges that the Individual Defendants, in carrying out the conduct as described in this complaint, violated the Unruh Civil Rights Act (California Civil Code §§ 51 and 52) by interfering with and or attempting to interfere with PLAINTIFF'S exercise and enjoyment of his rights as secured by the United States Constitution, California Constitution and common law and statutory rights, including protection from discrimination on the basis of his disabilities or economic status and protection from the following state crimes: CPC § 518, EXTORTION; CPC § 136.1(b)(1); CPC §§ 136.1(c)(1),136.1(c)(2)AND/OR 137(b) or (c): INFLUENCING, INTIMIDATING OR

1	THREATENING A WITNESS, VICTIM, OR AN INFORMANT; CPC § 182(a)(1), (2) & (5):
2	CONSPIRACY.
3	69. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violations of §§ 51 and 52, PLAINTIFF
4	suffered the damages described above.
5	FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
6	(Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress)
7	(Against All Individual Defendants)
8	70. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing
9	paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
10	71. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants
11	72. Defendants conduct in doing the acts and/or omissions as set forth above acted in a
12	manner that is outrageous.
13	73. Defendants' committed the outrageous acts or omissions intentionally or in reckless
14	disregard of the probability of causing PLAINTIFF emotional distress.
15	74. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' outrageous acts or omissions,
16	PLAINTIFF suffered the damages described above.
17	FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
18	(Intentional Interference with Contractual Relations—KFHP)
19	(Against All Individual Defendants Employed By Defendant FDOR)
20	75. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing
21	paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
22	76. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants
23	employed by Defendant FDOR.
24	77. Defendants' committed the outrageous acts or omissions intentionally or in reckless
25	disregard of the probability of harming PLAINTIFF.
26	78. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' outrageous acts or omissions,
27	PLAINTIFF suffered the damages described above.
28	SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Intentional Interference with Contractual Relations—BoA)

(Against All Individual Defendants Employed By Defendants CHHS and CONTRA COSTA)

PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing

PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants

Defendants' committed the outrageous acts or omissions intentionally or in reckless

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' outrageous acts or omissions,

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Fraud)

(Against All Individual Defendants)

concealed material facts in their reports, investigations and representations before and/or on behalf of

personally engaged in this conduct, or knew or should have known that other Individual Defendants

Complaint and include falsified reports, the true authorship of them, the denial of any improper contact

investigations and representations, and the fraudulent endorsements of those reports, investigations and

were engaged in it on his or her behalf. These false representations are detailed throughout this

with each other, the supposed independence and neutrality of Defendants and their reports,

California courts, and in their communications to PLAINTIFF. Each and every Individual Defendant has

PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing

PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants.

Individual Defendants and their agents have knowingly misrepresented, omitted, and/or

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employed by Defendant CHHS.

paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.

disregard of the probability of harming PLAINTIFF.

PLAINTIFF suffered the damages described above.

paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.

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11/09/2014

representations.

86.

representations while knowing that their misrepresentations were materially false and/or that their

Defendants made and/or conducted these false reports, sham investigations and

- 87. Defendants further made these misrepresentations and/or omissions in their reports, sham investigations and representations to California courts with the intent of obtaining favorable rulings and/or actions from them, enabling the *Monell* Defendants employees to harass, intimidate and otherwise harm PLAINTIFF and his interests, and to propagate false and defamatory information about PLAINTIFF to court staff, other employees of the *Monell* Defendants, private individuals and corporations in contractual relationships with PLAINTIFF and members of the public.
- 88. These material misrepresentations and/or omissions have been reasonably and justifiably relied upon to their detriment by PLAINTIFF, the California courts, other local, state and federal government agencies, employees and officials, and PLAINTIFF'S former employer and prospective employers and other associations capable of producing legitimate economic advantages for PLAINTIFF. By means of their misrepresentations, omissions and repeated failures to take meaningful corrective action, Defendants have thus unjustly profited at PLAINTIFF'S unjust expense.
- 89. As a direct, proximate, and foreseeable result of Defendants' fraud, PLAINTIFF has been and will continue to be harmed, including significant fundamental liberty interest, pecuniary, reputational, and other damages. These injuries include significant damage to PLAINTIFF'S reputation, and the attorneys' fees and costs to defend himself against objectively baseless, improperly motivated sham reports, investigations, defamatory findings, void orders, and malicious prosecutions, including attorneys' fees and costs associated with exposing the Defendants' pervasive fraud in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California.
- 90. Defendants have engaged in the malicious, willful, and fraudulent commission of wrongful acts and, because of the reprehensible and outrageous nature of these acts, PLAINTIFF is entitled to, and should be awarded, punitive damages against each of the Defendants.
- 91. PLAINTIFF is further entitled to, and should be awarded, preliminary and permanent injunctions against Defendants, their assignees and anyone else acting in concert with them from commencing, prosecuting, or advancing in any way—directly or indirectly—any attempt to enforce an alleged child support obligation against PLAINTIFF toward G.C.W. in any court, tribunal, or administrative agency in any jurisdiction, in the United States or abroad, including any further attempts to search or seize PLAINTIFF or his property, whether pre-judgment or otherwise, until this Court

1	determines the	merits and enters judgment on PLAINTIFF'S claims against the Defendants in this
2	action.	
3		EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
4		(Defamation)
5		(Against All Individual Defendants)
6	92.	PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing
7	paragraph of th	is Complaint as if set forth in full.
8	93.	PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants
9	94.	Each and every Individual Defendant either intentionally or negligently published false
10	statements, with	hout privilege, about PLAINTIFF and/or held PLAINTIFF out in false light as described
11	above.	
12	95.	As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' actions, PLAINTIFF suffered the
13	damages descri	bed above, including harm and injury to his reputation.
14		NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
15		(Negligence)
16		(Against All Individual Defendants)
17	96.	PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing
18	paragraph of th	is Complaint as if set forth in full.
19	97.	PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants
20	98.	Each and every Individual Defendant owed a legal duty of care to PLAINTIFF, but
21	breached her or	his legal duty by committing the acts and/or omissions in carrying out the conduct as set
22	forth above.	
23	99.	As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' actions, PLAINTIFF suffered the
24	damages descri	bed above.
25		TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
26		(Trespass to Chattels)
27		(Against All Defendants)
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- 100. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
 - 101. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against all Individual Defendants.
- 102. As set forth above, the Individual Defendants have engaged in a pattern of extortion, collusion, wrongdoing and deceit with intent to interfere with PLAINTIFF'S property, and the alienating mother of PLAINTIFF'S former child has benefited and will continue to benefit from the Individual Defendants' criminal scheme. By their actions, including maliciously prosecuting a fraudulent case, manufacturing false evidence, tampering with testimony and other evidence, disseminating misleading statements to courts, the public and other government employees, and otherwise engaging in the pressure campaign described in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint, the Individual Defendants have intentionally, and without justification or consent, interfered and intermeddled with PLAINTIFF'S use and enjoyment of his funds, legal claims and other property that were intended for PLAINTIFF'S efforts to reunite with his only child, who is now 10 years old, and other lawful purposes, including protection and/or enhancement of his good reputation.
- 103. PLAINTIFF has been harmed and the use of his property has been interfered with and disturbed when his property, resources, and funds were necessarily redirected from their intended uses to defend against the Individual Defendants' fraudulent allegations and misleading pressure campaign. For example, PLAINTIFF has been forced by the Individual Defendants' intentional and wrongful conduct to expend funds and other resources defending against fraudulent prosecution related to a non-existent child support obligation, pursuing other legal relief, uncovering the Individual Defendants' fraud through investigations (with which the Individual Defendants have continually interfered and which they have unduly delayed), responding to false and misleading reports of PLAINTIFF'S conduct which have been induced by the Individual Defendants, and maintaining an ongoing effort to provide accurate information about PLAINTIFF and other aspects of the Individual Defendants' fraud to the private individuals, media, investigators, a former employer, potential employers, the state and federal government and the public.
- 104. PLAINTIFF also has been harmed in that Defendants' conduct has damaged PLAINTIFF'S reputation, thus interfering with his interest in the public, employer and community

goodwill toward it. Public and employer awareness of and positive associations with PLAINTIFF'S name are among his most valuable assets, and PLAINTIFF has invested substantial resources into building his good reputation. The Individual Defendants have intentionally sought to reduce and/or threaten to reduce the value of his reputation as part of their extortionate scheme. On information and belief, a key element of the Individual Defendants' strategy is to impose upon PLAINTIFF the cost of his sullied reputation before courts and among investigators, employers, community members, private individuals and others from whom he could otherwise gain advantages, including economic advantages.

- 105. The harms suffered by PLAINTIFF are the direct, proximate, and reasonably foreseeable results of the Individual Defendants' acts of intentional interference with PLAINTIFF'S funds, legal claims, reputation, relationships and goodwill.
- 106. Defendants have engaged in the malicious, willful, and fraudulent commission of wrongful acts and, because of the reprehensible and outrageous nature of these acts, PLAINTIFF is entitled to, and should be awarded, punitive damages against each of the Defendants.
- 107. PLAINTIFF is further entitled to, and should be awarded, preliminary and permanent injunctions that enjoin Defendants, their assignees, and anyone else acting in concert with them including any employees or associates of the *Monell* Defendants—from commencing, prosecuting, or advancing in any way—directly or indirectly—any attempt to recognize or enforce an alleged child support obligation against PLAINTIFF toward G.C.W. in any court, tribunal, or administrative agency in any jurisdiction, in the United States or abroad, including any attempt to search or seize PLAINTIFF and/or any of PLAINTIFF'S property under the pretenses of that document unless and until this Court determines the merits and enters judgment on PLAINTIFF'S claims against the Defendants in this action.

ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Civil Conspiracy)

(Against All Defendants)

108. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.

- 109. As set forth above, Defendants have committed torts against PLAINTIFF, including acts violating his civil rights protected by state and federal law, malicious prosecution, intentional infliction of emotional distress, fraud, defamation, negligence, and trespass to chattels.
- 110. Defendants agreed to participate in a common scheme against PLAINTIFF. Defendants intentionally participated in the furtherance of a plan or purpose to obtain property from PLAINTIFF. In furtherance of this plan or purpose, Defendants committed overt and unlawful acts as alleged herein.
- 111. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conspiracy, the overt acts committed in furtherance of that conspiracy, and the torts committed against PLAINTIFF, PLAINTIFF has been damaged in his employment, property and relationships, and further damage to PLAINTIFF'S employment, property and relationships is threatened and imminent.
- 112. Defendants have engaged in the malicious, willful, and fraudulent commission of wrongful acts and, because of the reprehensible and outrageous nature of these acts, PLAINTIFF is entitled to, and should be awarded, punitive damages against each of the Defendants.
- 113. PLAINTIFF is further entitled to, and should be awarded, preliminary and permanent injunctions that enjoin Defendants, their assignees, and anyone else acting in concert with them—including any employees or associates of the *Monell* Defendants—from commencing, prosecuting, or advancing in any way—directly or indirectly—any attempt to recognize or enforce an alleged child support obligation against PLAINTIFF toward G.C.W. in any court, tribunal, or administrative agency in any jurisdiction, in the United States or abroad, including any attempt to search or seize PLAINTIFF and/or any of PLAINTIFF'S property under the pretenses of that document unless and until this Court determines the merits and enters judgment on PLAINTIFF'S claims against the Defendants in this action.

TWELFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Monell Violations of 42 U.S.C. § 1983)

(Against Defendants FDOR, CHHS and CONTRA COSTA)

114. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.

- 115. PLAINTIFF complains and alleges this cause of action against Defendants FDOR, CHHS and CONTRA COSTA.
- 116. The violations of PLAITIFF'S constitutional and other federal rights as well as the federal crimes perpetrated against him by the Individual Defendants were caused by the policies and customs of the *Monell* Defendants as described above.
- 117. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' actions, PLAINTIFF suffered the damages described above.

THIRTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Request for Declaratory Judgment That PLAINTIFF Does Not Have a Child Support Obligation Toward G.C.W.)

(Against All Defendants)

- 118. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
- 119. PLAINTIFF is entitled to a declaratory judgment that he does not have a child support obligation toward G.C.W. pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2201(a).
- 120. A declaratory judgment will not improperly increase friction between sovereign legal systems or encroach on the proper domain of a state court because no court has a right to impose fraudulent obligations for child support.
- 121. By this claim, PLAINTIFF seeks a declaratory judgment that he does not have a child support obligation toward G.C.W., including but not limited to under the United States Constitution, federal common law, Florida law and/or California law principles, on, among others, grounds of termination of his parental rights, fraud, failure to afford procedures compatible with due process, lack of impartial tribunals, and contravention of public policy.
- 122. By reason of the fraudulent acts and fundamentally unfair proceedings described in this Complaint that have given rise to the damage done to PLAINTIFF, an actual and justiciable controversy has arisen and now exists between PLAINTIFF and the Defendants as to whether there is a child support obligation from PLAINTIFF to G.C.W. in the United States. There is also a pressing need to establish that PLAINTIFF is safe from Defendants' further fraudulent and other wrongful acts. Defendants'

actions on behalf of themselves, each other, and the alienating mother of PLAINTIFF'S former child have damaged and are threatening to continue damaging PLAINTIFF. Unless the controversy between the parties is resolved, the Defendants and/or their beneficiaries will continue to harm PLAINTIFF and will extort further payoffs from him.

- 123. PLAINTIFF has no adequate remedy at law. A declaratory action is necessary and useful in resolving and disposing of the question of whether a child support obligation from PLAINTIFF to G.C.W. exists, and is the best and most effective remedy for finalizing the controversy between the parties as to this issue and for relieving PLAINTIFF from the expensive and damaging uncertainty surrounding future claims to such an obligation. PLAINTIFF is entitled to have that question settled promptly so he may continue exercising his civil rights without the threat of false claims to such an obligation being used against him.
- 124. PLAINTIFF is further entitled to, and should be awarded, preliminary and permanent injunctions that enjoin Defendants, their assignees, and anyone else acting in concert with them—including any employees or associates of the *Monell* Defendants—from commencing, prosecuting, or advancing in any way—directly or indirectly—any attempt to recognize or enforce an alleged child support obligation against PLAINTIFF toward G.C.W. in any court, tribunal, or administrative agency in any jurisdiction, in the United States or abroad, including any attempt to search or seize PLAINTIFF and/or any of PLAINTIFF'S property under the pretenses of that document unless and until this Court determines the merits and enters judgment on PLAINTIFF'S claims against the Defendants in this action.

FOURTEENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Request for Injunction and Declaratory Judgment Pursuant to California CCP § 526a)

(Against Defendants CHHS and/or CONTRA COSTA and Their Employees)

- 125. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every foregoing paragraph of this Complaint as if set forth in full.
- 126. PLAINTIFF is entitled to injunctive relief and a declaratory judgment regarding the unlawful enforcement against PLAINTIFF of a non-existent child support obligation toward G.C.W. pursuant to California CCP § 526a, which provides a cause of action to taxpayers to enjoin any state

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12. Any other damages and/or legal and equitable relief as the Court finds appropriate and just.

Dated: November 9, 2014

MICHAEL GEARY WILSON

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

PLAINTIFF demands a jury trial on all issues and causes of action related to this

Dated: November 9, 2014

MICHAEL GEARY WILSON

APPENDIX A (Certified Copy of a California Court Order Entered October 24, 2011 Ratifying an Attached Florida Court Order Entered June 13, 2011 Terminating PLAINTIFF'S Parental Rights)



SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

DATE: October 24, 2011

DEPARTMENT 302

HON. Judge Ioana Petrou

Deborah Wanzo, Deputy Clerk

FILED

In the Marriage of

Jamie Caroline Wilson, Petitioner

Case No. AF11598935

OCT 24*2*911

Exec. 0

Vs.

Michael Geary Wilson, Respondent.

Bv

MINUTE ORDER

Mr. Michael Geary Wilson filed an ex parte application entitled "Petition for Enforcement of Out-of-State Custody Determination" on October 20, 2011 with the Alameda County Superior Court.

The out of state custody order that Mr. Wilson seeks to enforce was not attached to the application or any subsequent filing but, rather, a July 13, 2009 "Hearing Disposition Form" was provided.

The application is DENIED for the following reasons:

- (1) Mr. Wilson did not submit an actual custody order that he is seeking to enforce; and
- (2) The 2009 custody order has been modified by a subsequent order dated June 13, 2011 out of the Circuit Court of the Eighth Judicial Circuit, in and for Alachua County, Florida, which is attached hereto.

The Court further ORDERS that if Mr. Wilson files any further pleadings in this matter they must be provided to counsel for Ms. Jami Caroline Wilson, whose contact information is set forth below:

Darby Hertz
Hertz & Kearns
618 NE 1st Street
Gainesville, FL 342601

Telephone: (352) 378-2268 Facsimile: (352) 378-2269

Judge Ioana Petrou

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,

IN AND FOR ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA

RECORDED IN OFFICIAL RECORDS INSTRUMENT # 2650653 2 PG(S)
June 15, 2011 09:46:16 AM
Book 4037 Page 2302
K. IRBY Clerk Of Circuit Court
ALACHUA COUNTY, Florida

IN RE: The Marriage of

JAMI CAROLINE WILSON,

Former Wife, .

and

MICHAEL GEARY WILSON.

Former Husband.

CASE NO. 2009-DR-1544 **DIVISION "F"**

SUPPLEMENTAL FINAL JUDGMENT MODIFYING PARENTING PLAN

THIS CAUSE came before the Court for non-jury trial regarding the Former Wife's Supplemental Petition for Modification of Final Judgment. Contrary to the Court's direction to do so, the Former Husband failed to appear personally. The Former Husband has been served and has, in any event, submitted himself to the jurisdiction of this Court by seeking affirmative relief in this Court.

Upon the evidence presented, the Court finds that there has been a substantial permanent change in circumstances regarding parental responsibility and time-sharing. Specifically, the Former Husband has since the date of the Final Judgment moved from the State of Florida to the State of California, and has not had any significant contact or involvement in the parties' child's life since that time. In addition, the contacts that he has had have been disruptive and emotionally harmful to the child. The evidence clearly shows that the Former Husband's participation in joint parental responsibility as well as time-sharing with the parties' minor child would not be in the best interests of said minor child and in fact would be detrimental. Accordingly, it is hereby

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the Former Wife's Petition for Modification is GRANTED as follows:

1. The Former Wife shall have sole parental responsibility for the parties' minor child

Page 1 of 2



and shall make all decisions regarding the care and wellbeing of said minor child.

2. The Former Husband shall have no time-sharing of any kind with the minor child until further Order of the Court.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Gainesville, Alachua County, Florida, this day of June, 2011.

TOBY S. MONACO, Circuit Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished by regular U.S. Mail or hand delivery, this _____ day of June, 2011, to:

Michael Geary Wilson 1951 Telegraph Avenue, Ste 210 Oakland, CA 94612

Darby F. Hertz, Esq. 618 NE First Street Gainesville, FL 32601

Mary A Jarvis, Judicial Assistant



J. K. frby, Clerk of the Circuit & County Court, Eighth Judicial Circuit of Florida, in and for Alactius County, hereby certifies this to be a true and correct copy of the document now of record in this office. Witness, my hand and seal this day of County Court J. K. bby, Clerk of the Circuit, & County Court

Page 2 of 2

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL CCP 1013a(3)

CASE NAME: Wilson vs Wilson ACTION NO: AF11598935

I certify that, I am not a party to the within action. I service a copy of the forgoing Order dated, *October 24, 2011* by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States mail in Alameda, California on October 24, 2011, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid thereon addressed to:

Michael Geary Wilson 1951 Telegraph Ave., Ste 210 Oakland, CA 94612 Jami Caroline Wilson C/O Darby Hertz Hertz & Kearns 618 NE 1ST Street Gainesville, FL 32601

I declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct executed October 24, 2011, in Alameda, California.

Patricia Sweeten

Executive Officer/Cler

Deputy Clerk



1	APPENDIX B
2	(Message Dated November 4, 2014 Sent From Jami Caroline Wilson Using Email
3	Address for G.C.W. that PLAINTIFF created in early 2009)
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Hello!

From: REDACTED REDACTED

Sent: Tue 11/04/14 3:50 PM

To: michaelgearywilson@hotmail.com

Love You! REDACTED

